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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/566,813	01/30/2006	David Casey	0789860222	8053
23392	7590	09/11/2008	EXAMINER	
FOLEY & LARDNER			LEE, JAE	
2029 CENTURY PARK EAST				
SUITE 3500			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
LOS ANGELES, CA 90067			2895	
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			09/11/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/566,813	CASEY, DAVID	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	JAE LEE	2895	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 June 2008.
 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-5, 7 and 8 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 1-5, 7, 8 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ .

DETAILED ACTION***Response to Arguments***

1. Applicant's arguments, see page 2, filed 06/25/2008, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-5, 7, and 8 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Odekirk (USP# 6,388,272 B1, hereinafter Odekirk).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

1. **Claims 1-5, 7, and 8** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Palara in view of Odekirk.

With regards to **claim 1**, Palara teaches a bipolar transistor, comprising:
A first semiconductor region of a first conductivity type defining a collector region (see Fig. 2, collector region **2**);
a second semiconductor region of a second conductivity type defining a base region (see Fig. 2, base region **1**);
a third semiconductor region of said first conductivity type defining a emitter region (see Fig. 2, emitter region **12**); and
a metal layer providing contacts to said base and emitter regions (see Fig. 2, emitting regions **8** and base regions **5**);

wherein said metal layer has a thickness greater than 3 microns (see col. 6, lines 11-12).

Palara, however, does not teach wherein the transistor has a specific area resistance less than 500 mOhms*mm².

In the same field of endeavor, Odekirk teaches how virtually every electronic device (unipolar or bipolar) require n-type ohmic contacts wherein the most successful n-type contacts are Ni and TiC wherein they both exhibit 1e-5 ohms*cm² to 1e-6 ohms*cm², both less than the 500 mOhms*mm².

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to produce an electronic device (unipolar or bipolar) with successful n-type contacts such as Ni and TiC wherein they both exhibit less than the claimed 500 mOhms*mm² as demonstrated and made well-known by Odekirk

With regards to **claims 2 and 3**, Palara teaches the limitations of claim 1 for the reasons above.

Palara teaches the thickness of the metal layer is 3 μm (see col. 6, lines 11-12).

Palara does not teach a bipolar transistor according to **claim 1**, wherein the metal layer has a thickness no less than 4 μm .

Palara does not teach a bipolar transistor according to **claim 1**, wherein the metal layer no less than 6 μm .

In the same field of endeavor, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to determine the optimum the thickness of the metal layer (see *In re Aller, Lacey, and Hall* (10 USPQ 233-237). It is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation. Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed ranges or any unexpected results arising therefrom. Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical (see *In re Woodruff*, 919 f.2d 1575, 1578, 16USPQ 2d, 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990)).

With regards to **claim 4**, Palara teaches a bipolar transistor according to **claim 1**, wherein the emitter region defines a first surface, the base region extending to said surface in locations defined by apertures through emitter region, said metal layer overlying said first surface (see Fig. 7, emitter region **12** define surface, base region **1** extending to surface, apertures (alternating **8** and **5**) through emitter region **12**, regions **8** and **5** composed of metal layer overlying surface).

With regards to **claim 5**, Palara teaches the limitations of claim 4 for the reasons above.

Palara, however, does not teach a bipolar transistor according to **claim 4**, wherein adjacent apertures are spaced less than 100 μm from each other.

In the same field of endeavor, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to determine the optimum distance between two apertures (see *In re Aller, Lacey, and Hall* (10 USPQ 233-237). It is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation. Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed ranges or any unexpected results arising therefrom. Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited in a claim, the applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical (see *In re Woodruff*, 919 f.2d 1575, 1578, 16USPQ 2d, 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990)).

With regards to **claim 7**, Palara and Odekirk does not teach the bipolar transistor according to **claim 1**, wherein an increase in the thickness of the metal layer corresponds to a reduction in a voltage drop in the contacts to said base and emitter region.

In the same field of endeavor, it is obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to realize that an increase in thickness of the metal layer will inherently create a reduction in a voltage drop. That is simply known and inherent to the semiconductor industry that the voltage will not drop as much with a thicker metal layer since the resistance is lowered.

With regards to **claim 8**, Palara and Odekirk does not teach the bipolar transistor according to **claim 7**, wherein the reduction in the voltage drop in the contacts is proportional to the increase in the thickness of the metal layer.

In the same field of endeavor, it is obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to realize that there is a mathematical relationship between the reduction in voltage drop and an increase in the thickness of the metal layer.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JAE LEE whose telephone number is (571)270-1224. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Drew Richards can be reached on 571-272-1736. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jae Lee/
Examiner, Art Unit 2895

JML

/Fernando L. Toledo/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2895